

Vocabulary
International Organizations

Verbs	Nouns			
	Officials (Persons)	Establishments	Documents	Others
Maintain Peace	Spokesman	Assembly General	Charter	International Law
Advocate	Deputy	Headquarters مقر	Resolution	Labor rights
Resolve Conflicts	Diplomat	Congress	Declaration	Stability
Found	Vice President	Court	Constitution	Wars
Fund	Commissioner	International Court of Justice		State
Headquarter	Ambassador	Council		Imember
Promote	Secretary-general	Security Council		Organ -Judical Organ
Negotiate		Agency		

Exercise 1: Select the appropriate acronyms from the list to fill in the blanks :

UNESCO – WHO – WTO – UNHCR –WB – NATO – UN – UNECEF – IMF – FAO – ILO –DWF –AI

1. The United Nations : _____
2. The United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization.: _____
3. The United Nations Children’s Emergency Fund : _____
4. Food and Agriculture Organization : _____
5. World Health Organization : _____
6. International Labor Organization : _____
7. Amnesty International : _____
8. Doctors Without Frontiers : _____
9. The World Bank : _____
10. World Trade Organization : _____
11. North Atlantic Organization : _____
12. UN High commissioner for Refugees : _____
13. The International Monetary Fund : _____

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Exercise 2 : Match each organisation in the list above with its corresponding mission:

- a. Provides humanitarian and developmental assistance to children in poor and developing countries : _____
- b. Safeguards and protects human including political prisoners' rights : _____
- c. Provides medical care during natural and war disasters : : _____
- d. Gives loans to poor and developing countries to promote economic development : _____
- e. Protects and supports refugees : _____
- f. Founded in 1945 after World War II, to end wars between nations, and provide a platform for dialogue, peace, social and political justice : _____
- g. Aims at eradicating hunger and starvation in poor countries, and ensuring food security and good nutrition : _____
- h. Is concerned with public health : _____
- i. Seeks to promote labors rights : _____
- j. Promotes international collaboration through education, science, and culture to ensure universal respect for justice : _____

Exercise3 :

Fill in the gaps with the right words : **states - founded -headquarters - rights - organisation - law -**

The United Nations is an international _____ which was _____ in 1945 after World War II, in order to stop _____ between countries, and to provide a platform for dialogue. Its main goals are facilitating cooperation in international _____, international security, economic development, social progress, human _____, and achievement of world peace. The members of the UN consist of 193 member _____. The United Nations _____ resides in international territory in New York City.

Exercise 4:

Match the following words with the given ones to make collocations

A- Sanctions – peace – a dispute – order – a summit – volunteers – a campaign – an agreement – a decision – a part

Hold _____	Settle _____
Reach _____	Restore _____
Impose _____	Recruit _____
Play _____	Run _____
Maintain _____	Veto _____

B- Relief – fire –assistance- relations – community – aid- loans – treaty – speech – campaign

Humanitarian _____	Financial _____
Fund-raising _____	Bilateral _____
Emergency _____	World _____
Farewell _____	Low-interest _____
Cease _____	Peace _____