



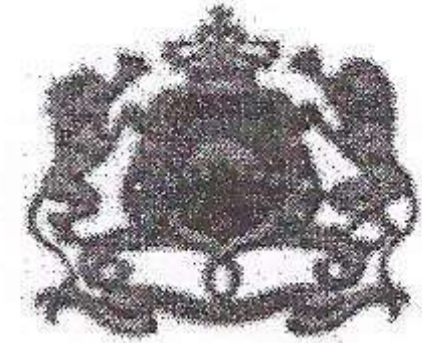
الصفحة

1

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الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الدورة الاستدراكية 2012 الموضوع

المملكة العربية

وزارة التربية الوطنية
المركز الوطني للتقويم والامتحانات

4	المعامل	RS10 HV	اللغة الإنجليزية	المادة
3 س	مدة الإنجاز	شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب		الشعبة أو المسلك

[1] Kapour is eight years old and works with his father in a shop in a village near New Delhi. Every morning, while carrying bags of vegetables to the shop, he runs into children wearing school uniforms. He feels ashamed at not being in a school uniform, carrying books instead of vegetables. Kapour is one of India's five million school dropouts. These are children of migrant workers who come to the Indian capital and end up living in slums. Many of them can't afford to send their children to school. Others are unable to provide birth certificates or proof of residence for their children, which are necessary for admission to school. Besides, there are some families, such as Kapour's, that need their children to help around the house and look after their younger siblings.

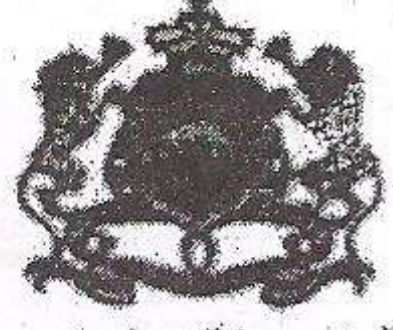
[2] However, two yellow buses - equipped as mobile schools with a TV screen, books, puzzles and toys- are helping to provide these children with primary education. They are part of a government's project which started in 2003, to get dropouts back into school. Every morning, the buses arrive near four selected slums. "If the children can't go to school, we have to take the school to them, to their doorstep," said Sudhama, a *school bus* teacher.



[3] Funded by the Department for International Development in India, the project has reduced the number of dropouts from 25 million to 5 million. One powerful incentive for parents is that the books are free and their children receive a piece of fruit every day. The project's local representative said that it took time to build the parents' confidence. At first, they hesitated to send their children because they were afraid of child trafficking. But they were eventually persuaded to do so. Some kids have lost a whole year; others have never been to school. The *school bus* teachers get them up to the right level and then send them to public schools.

[4] The children are proud because the *school bus* comes specially for them. It has changed their lives and given them hope. After joining the bus, Shivam, aged 9, was very happy with his new life and would run home to tell his mother everything he had learnt. Lately, he has been leading the class in chanting the Hindi alphabet. His mother was so impressed that she persuaded other mothers to send their children, too. Shaheen, who has spent a whole year attending the *school bus*, is one of the 200 children who have successfully joined primary schools. Her life has been transformed since she joined the *school bus*." I couldn't count and I could write only a few words of Hindi," she said. "Now I do multiplication and division, and I know some English, too." What she had learnt there helped her to pursue her studies at the local primary school without any difficulty.

Adapted from aljazeera.net/english

خاص بكتابة الامتحان	الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الدورة الاستدراكية 2012		المملكة المغربية  وزارة التربية الوطنية المركز الوطني للتقويم والامتحانات
رقم الامتحان:	الموضوع		
4	المعامل:	الاسم الشخصي و العائلي:	
		تاريخ و مكان الازدياد:	
3 س	مدة الإنجاز:	اللغة الإنجليزية شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب	المادة: الشعبة:



خاص بكتابة الامتحان	(على المصحح قسمة النقطة المحصلة على 2 للحصول على النقطة النهائية) النقطة النهائية على 20 /	المادة: اللغة الإنجليزية الشعبة: شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب
5	الصفحة: 2 على	ورقة الإجابة RS10 HN

I. COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS)

BASE ALL YOUR ANSWERS ON THE TEXT.

A. ARE THESE SENTENCES TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY. (3 PTS)

1. Kapour never went to school.

.....

2. Parents have to pay for their children's books in the *school buses*.

.....

3. The *school bus* project has helped millions of children to go back to school.

.....

B. ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS. (3 PTS)

1. What does Kapour do when other children go to school?

.....

2. Why is it difficult for migrant workers to send their children to school?

.....

3. Who is financing the *school bus* project?

.....

C. COMPLETE THESE SENTENCES. (2 PTS)

1. Because of child trafficking, some parents

.....

2. When Shivam's mother noticed her son's progress at school, she

.....

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا - الدورة الاستدراكية 2012 - الموضوع - الصفحة: 3 على 5
مادة: اللغة الإنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب - RS10

D. FIND IN THE TEXT WORDS THAT MEAN THE SAME AS : (3 PTS)

1. brothers or sisters (paragraph 1):
2. strong (paragraph 3):
3. continue (paragraph 4):

E. WHAT DO THE UNDERLINED WORDS IN THE TEXT REFER TO? (2 PTS)

1. them (paragraph 1)
2. she: (paragraph 4).....

F. CHOOSE THE BEST TITLE FOR THE PASSAGE. (2 PTS)

- a. City buses in India b. Mobile schools in India c. School dropouts in India

The best title is:

II. LANGUAGE

(15 POINTS)

A. FILL IN EACH GAP WITH THE APPROPRIATE WORD FROM THE LIST. (2 PTS)

1. The Internet, is widely used in many aspects of life, may have a negative impact on teenagers.

who - whose - which

2. I don't feel like any work this afternoon; I just want to relax.

do - to do - doing

B. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE APPROPRIATE PHRASAL VERBS. (2 PTS)

go out - turn on - find out - break down - show up

1. If Ahmed doesn't in five minutes, we'll call him up.
2. The detectives are still trying to the person who killed the singer.

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الصفحة: 4 على 5

-الموضوع- الدورة الاستدراكية 2012

الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا

- RS10 - شعبه الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب /RS10

مادة: اللغة الإنجليزية

C. PUT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE. (3 PTS)

Mike: Have you heard from Jennifer? (She / manage) to catch her train last night?

David: Unfortunately not. When she (get) to the station the train (already / leave)

.....

D. GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORDS IN BRACKETS. (2 PTS)

A lot of (art) and cultural events take place in the *Imilchil* festival. The (popular)

..... of this festival is increasing year after year.

E. REWRITE THE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN. (2 PTS)

1. We should respect old people.

Old people

2. It's a pity you didn't take part in the school competition .

I wish you

F. JOIN THE PAIRS OF SENTENCES USING THE WORDS IN BRACKETS. (2 PTS)

1. Many students are dropping out of school. The school conditions have improved a lot. (although)

.....

2. The Browns went to a famous restaurant. They wanted to celebrate their wedding anniversary. (in order to)

.....

G. WHAT DO YOU SAY IN THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS? (2 PTS)

1. Your friend: I've just got my Baccalaureate.

You: (congratulate him or her)

2. Mr White: Teenagers are not interested in politics.

You: (express disagreement).....

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

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مادة: اللغة الإنجليزية - شعبة الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية: مسلك الآداب - RS10 -

III. WRITING

(10 POINTS)

Your English friend wants to know more about cultural events in Morocco. Write an email to him/her describing a Moroccan cultural event (a festival, a celebration, a moussem, a feast, ...etc)

DO NOT WRITE YOUR NAME OR SIGN THE EMAIL